



Tutorials in der Mechanik – Konzeptionelles Verständnis fördern mithilfe fachdidaktisch entwickelter Lehrmaterialien

Julie Direnga

20.03.2018

MINT-Kolleg, Stuttgart



LERNZIELE

Teilnehmende des Workshops sind anschließend in der Lage...

- essentielle **Elemente** zu benennen, die beim Einsatz von Tutorials zu beachten sind,
- den **Entwicklungsprozess** dieser Lehrmaterialien zu beschreiben, sowie
- Daten zur **Wirksamkeitsanalyse** zu interpretieren und diskutieren.

Ziel dieses Workshops ist es explizit *nicht*, selbst Tutorials erstellen zu können.

Auszug aus der Kurzbeschreibung dieses Workshops



TUTORIALS (TUTORIEN)

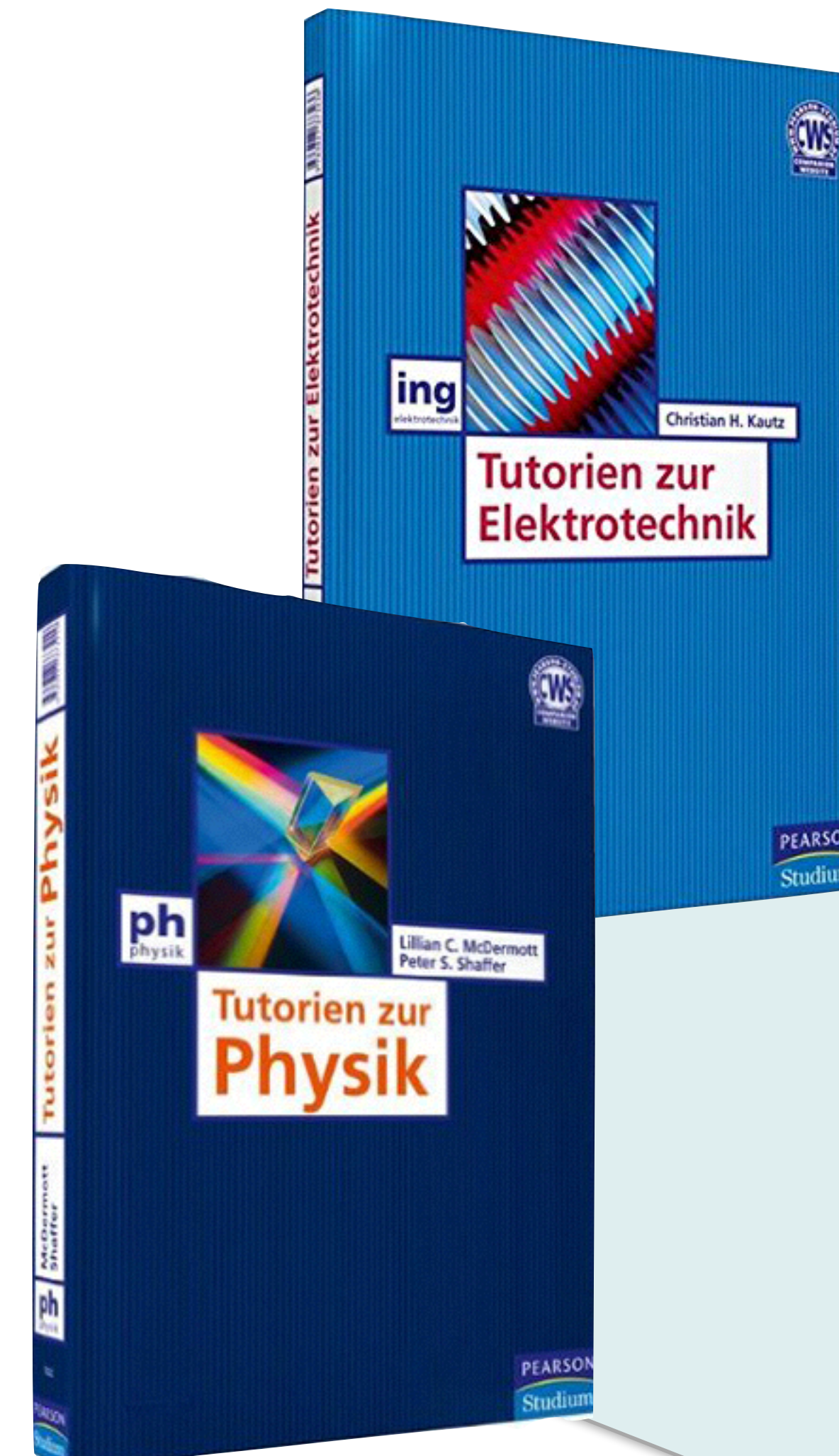


Christian H. Kautz

Lillian C. McDermott



Peter S. Shaffer



**Tutorien zur
Technischen
Mechanik**

Elemente

Entwicklungsprozess

Wirksamkeitsanalyse

Bildnachweise:

Lilian und Peter: [washington.edu](https://www.washington.edu)

Christian: eigene Aufnahme

Bücher: [amazon.de](https://www.amazon.de)

20.03.2018

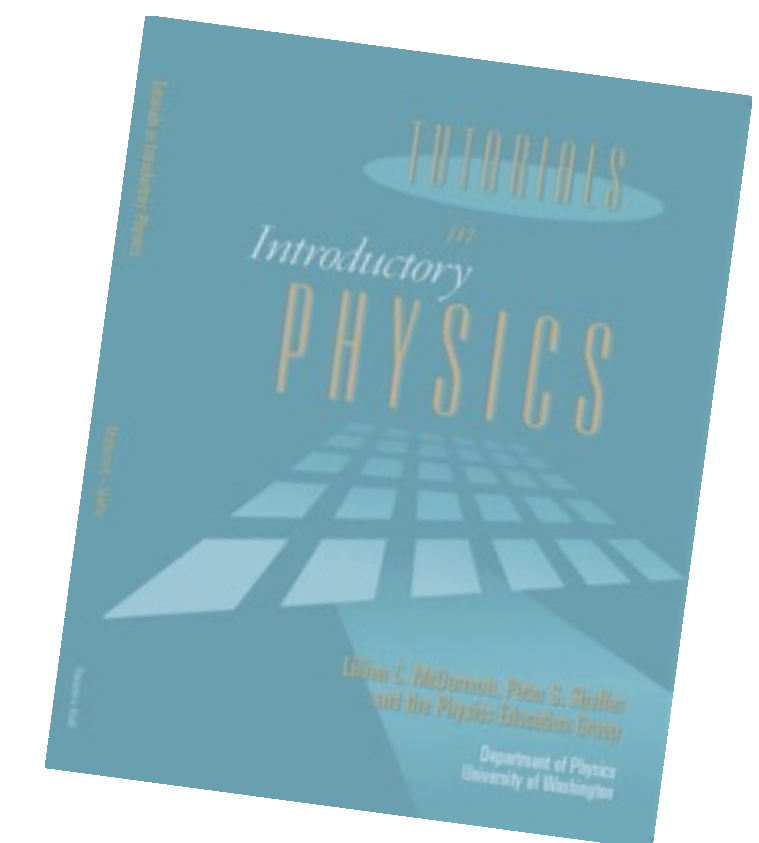
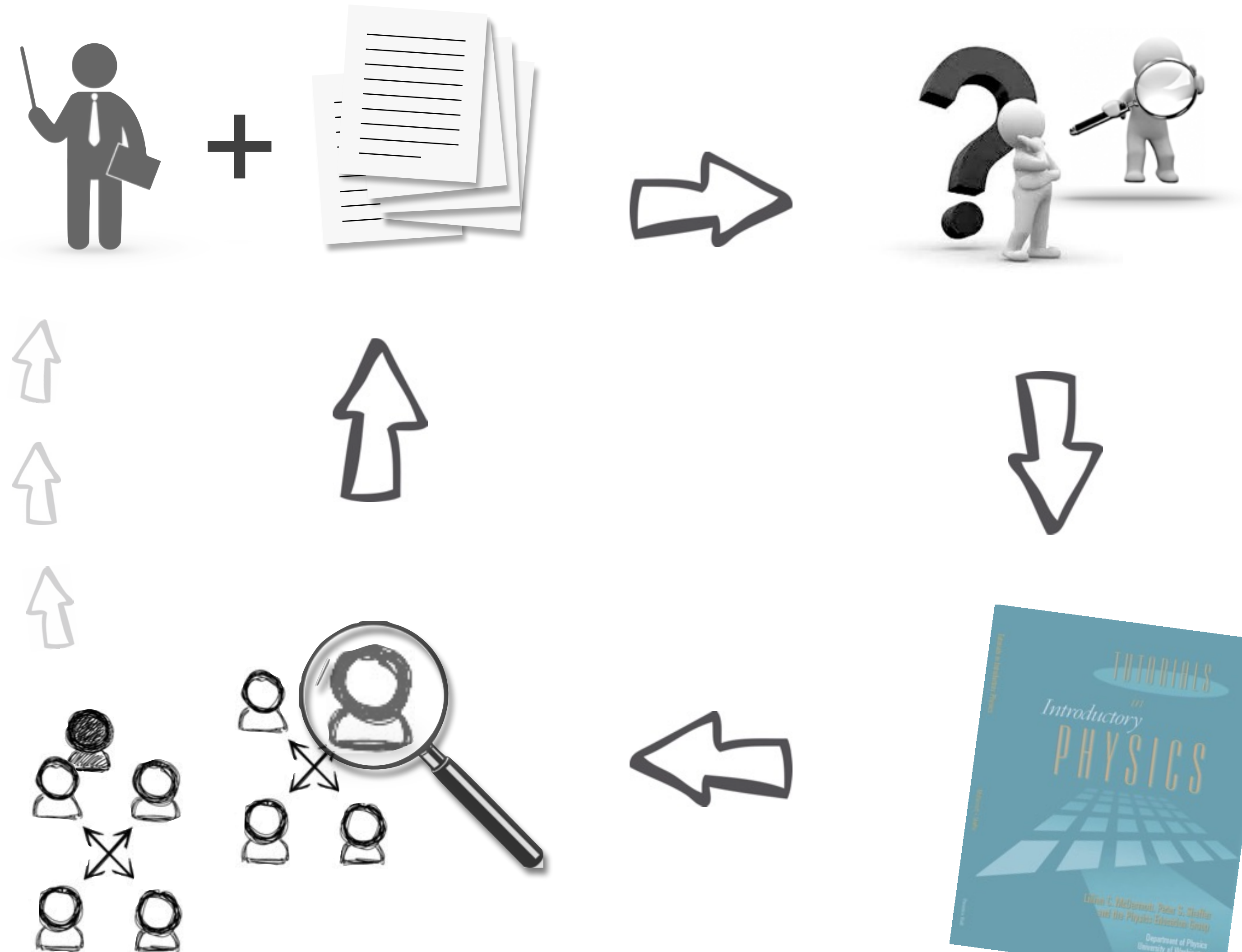
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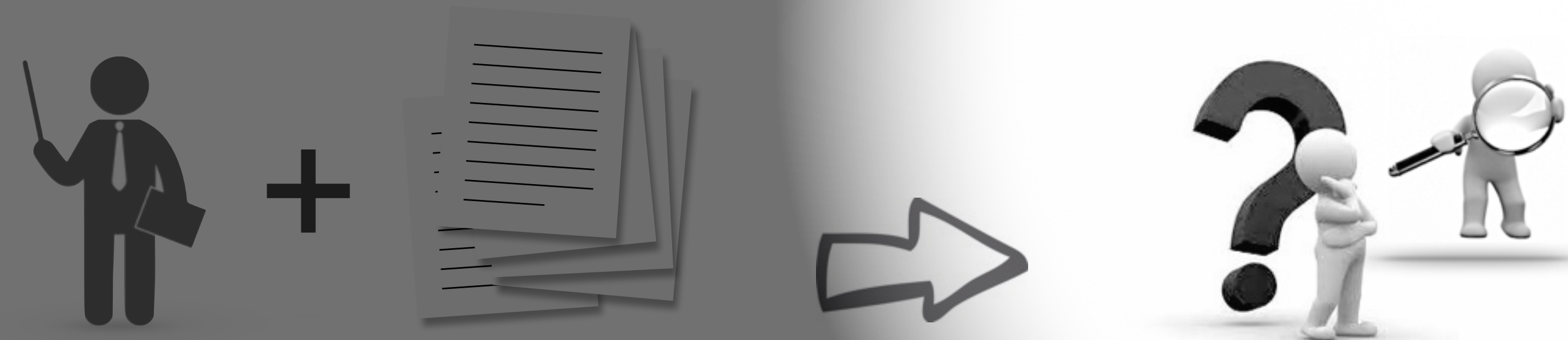
ENTWICKLUNGSPROZESS

- Elemente
- Entwicklungsprozess
- Wirksamkeitsanalyse



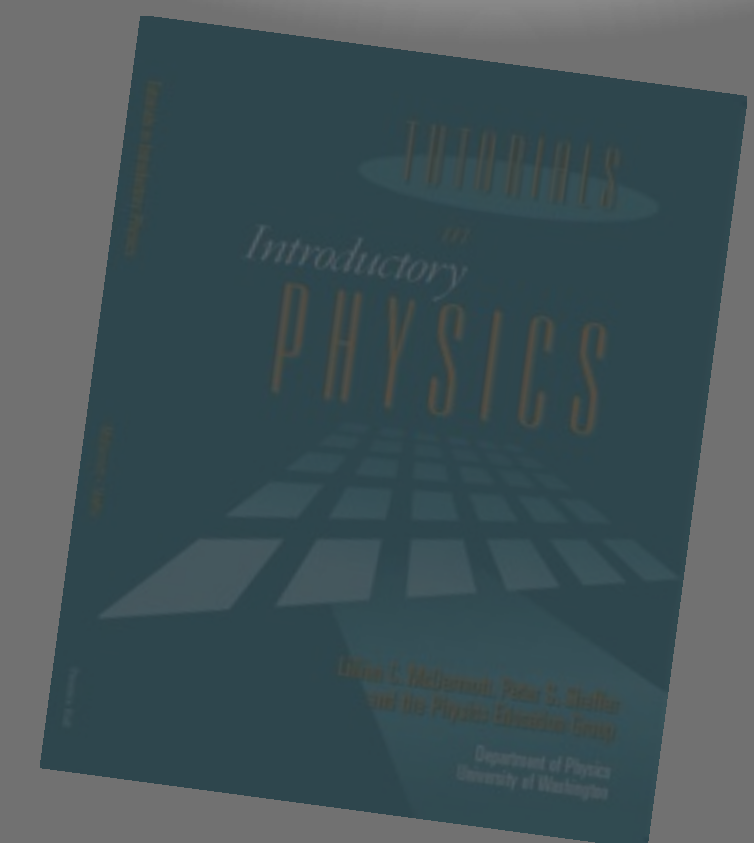


ENTWICKLUNGSPROZESS



Identifikation von Schwierigkeiten bei Studierenden

- Analyse von schriftlichen Arbeiten der Studierenden
- Diagnostiktests
- Interviews



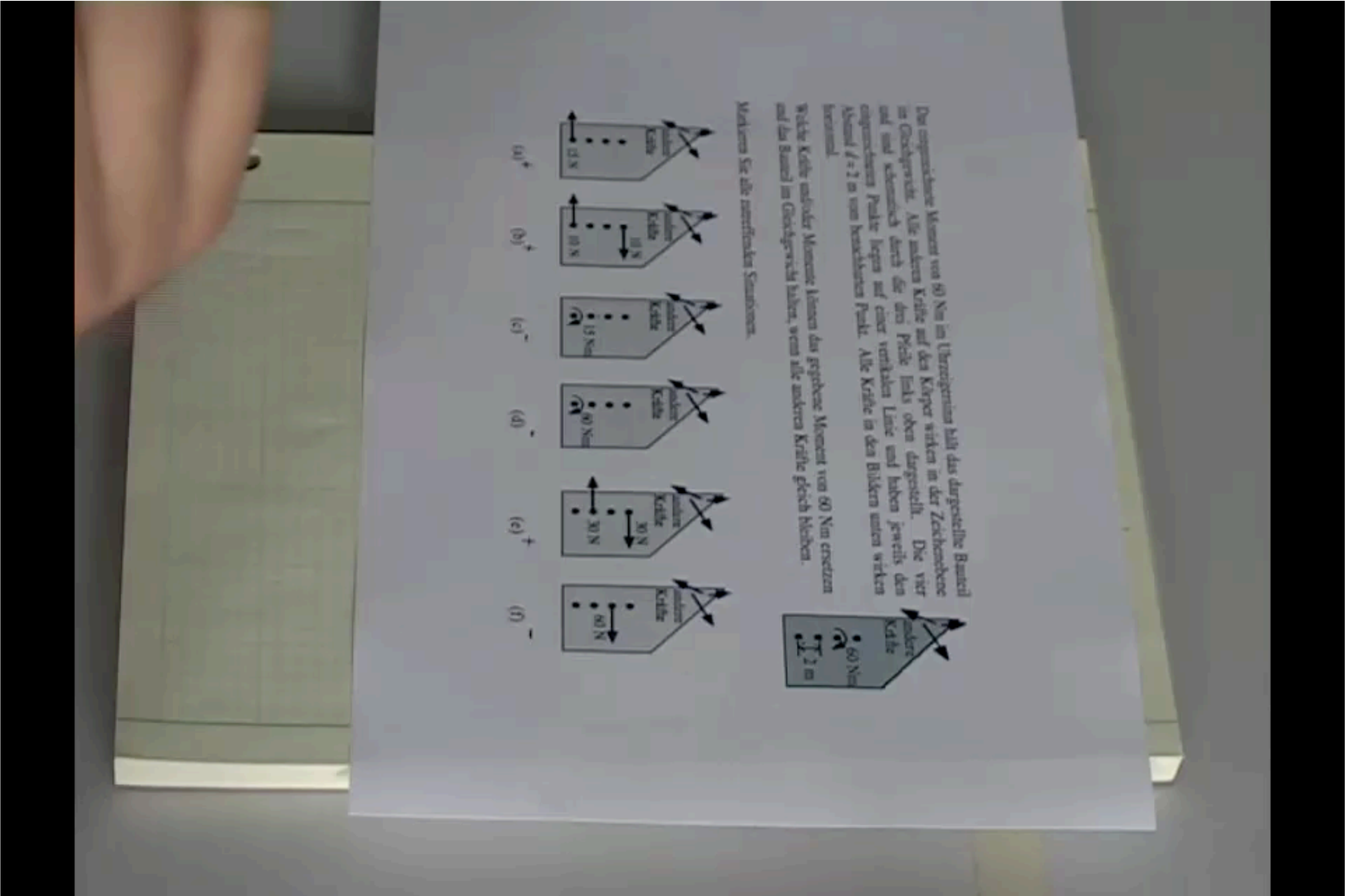
Elemente

Entwicklungsprozess

Wirksamkeitsanalyse



INTERVIEW



Elemente

Entwicklungsprozess

Wirksamkeitsanalyse



Elemente

Entwicklungsprozess

► Wirksamkeitsanalyse

ENTWICKLUNGSPROZESS



Überprüfung der Wirksamkeit

- Gezielte Klausuraufgaben
- Diagnostiktests
- Clicker-Fragen





EINGANGS- UND AUSGANGSTESTS

Elemente

Entwicklungsprozess

► Wirksamkeitsanalyse

Jahr		FCI (Vortest) [%]*	CATS (Nachtest) [%]*	N**
trad. Lehre	2005-2006	53	44	136
	2006-2007	51	36	61
	2007-2008	51	34	123
	2008-2009	50	30	227
	Mittelwert (gewichtet)	51	35	
Tutorials	2009-2010	49	44	305
	2010-2011	44	42	369
	2011-2012 +JITT	49	46	465
	2012-2013 +JITT	42	42	363
	2013-2014	41	38	171
	Mittelwert (gewichtet)	46	44	
trad. Lehre	2014-2015	40	30	247
	2015-2016	39	32	321
	2016-2017	38	31	218
	Mittelwert (gewichtet)	39	31	

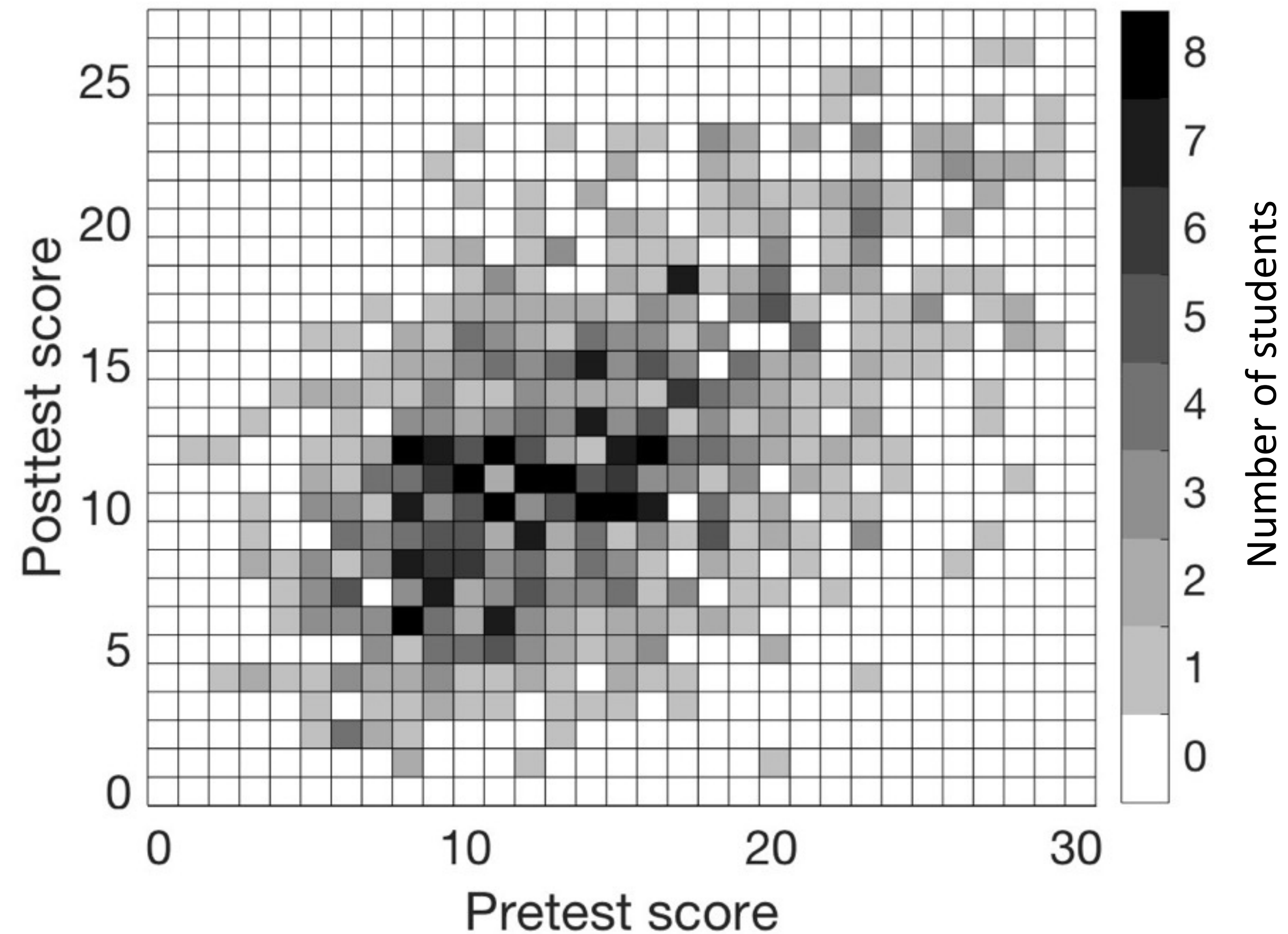
*Die Standardabweichungen der Mittelwerte liegen alle unter einem Prozentpunkt.

**Es wurden nur Studierende gezählt, welche beide Tests gemacht haben.



ROHDATAEN

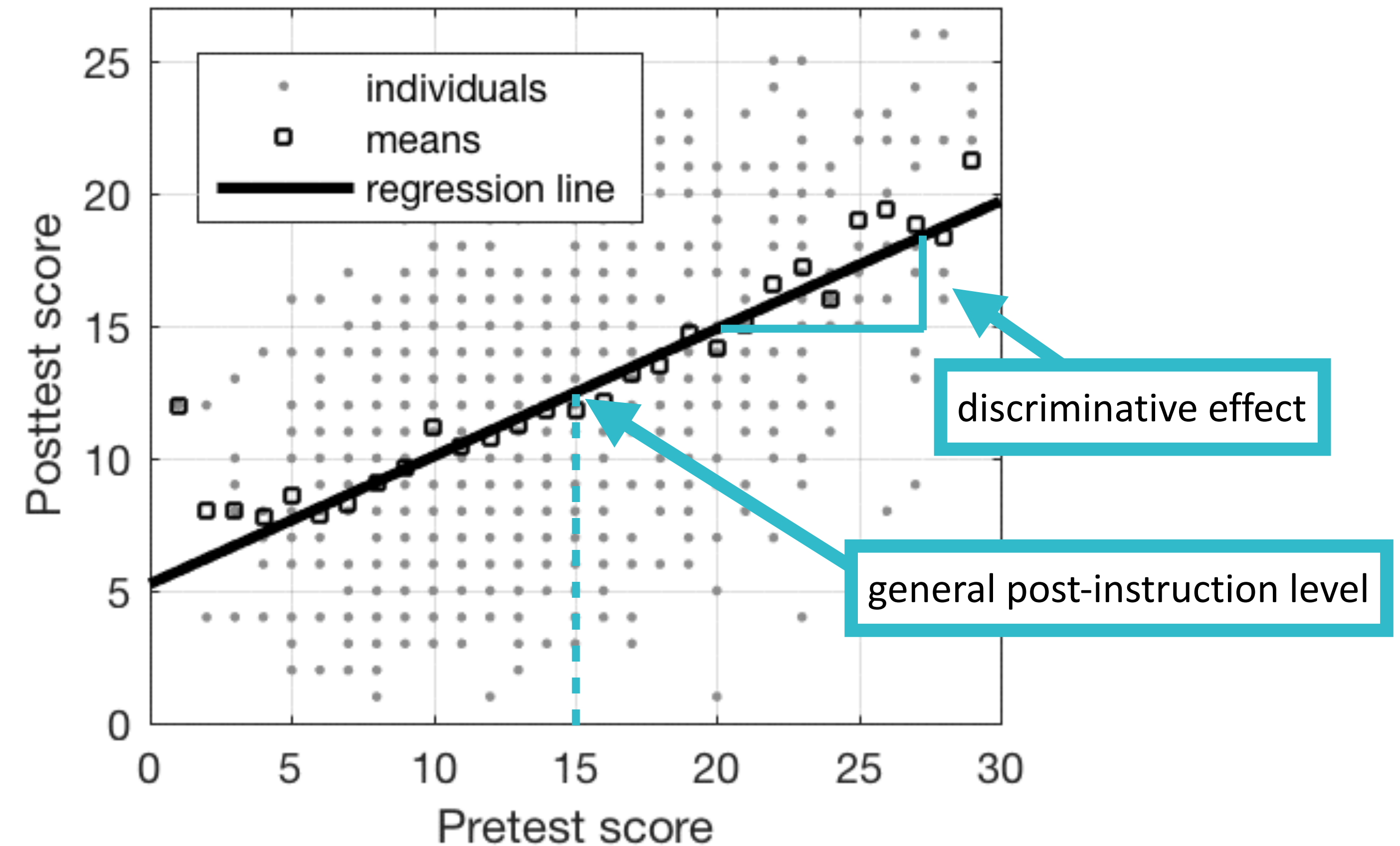
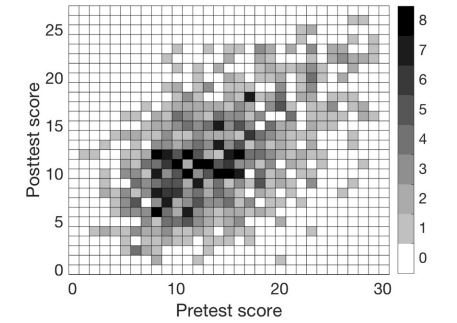
- Elemente
- Entwicklungsprozess
- Wirksamkeitsanalyse



J. Direnga, D. Timmermann, F. Kieckhäfer, and C. Kautz, 'Refining the WLR: Quantifying the difference in learning success between courses', in *Research in Engineering Education Symposium 2017 (REES2017)*, Bogotá, Columbia, 2017.



DISCRIMINATIVE LEARNING GAIN



Elemente

Entwicklungsprozess

► Wirksamkeitsanalyse

J. Direnga, D. Timmermann, F. Kieckhäfer, and C. Kautz, 'Refining the WLR: Quantifying the difference in learning success between courses', in *Research in Engineering Education Symposium 2017 (REES2017)*, Bogotá, Columbia, 2017.

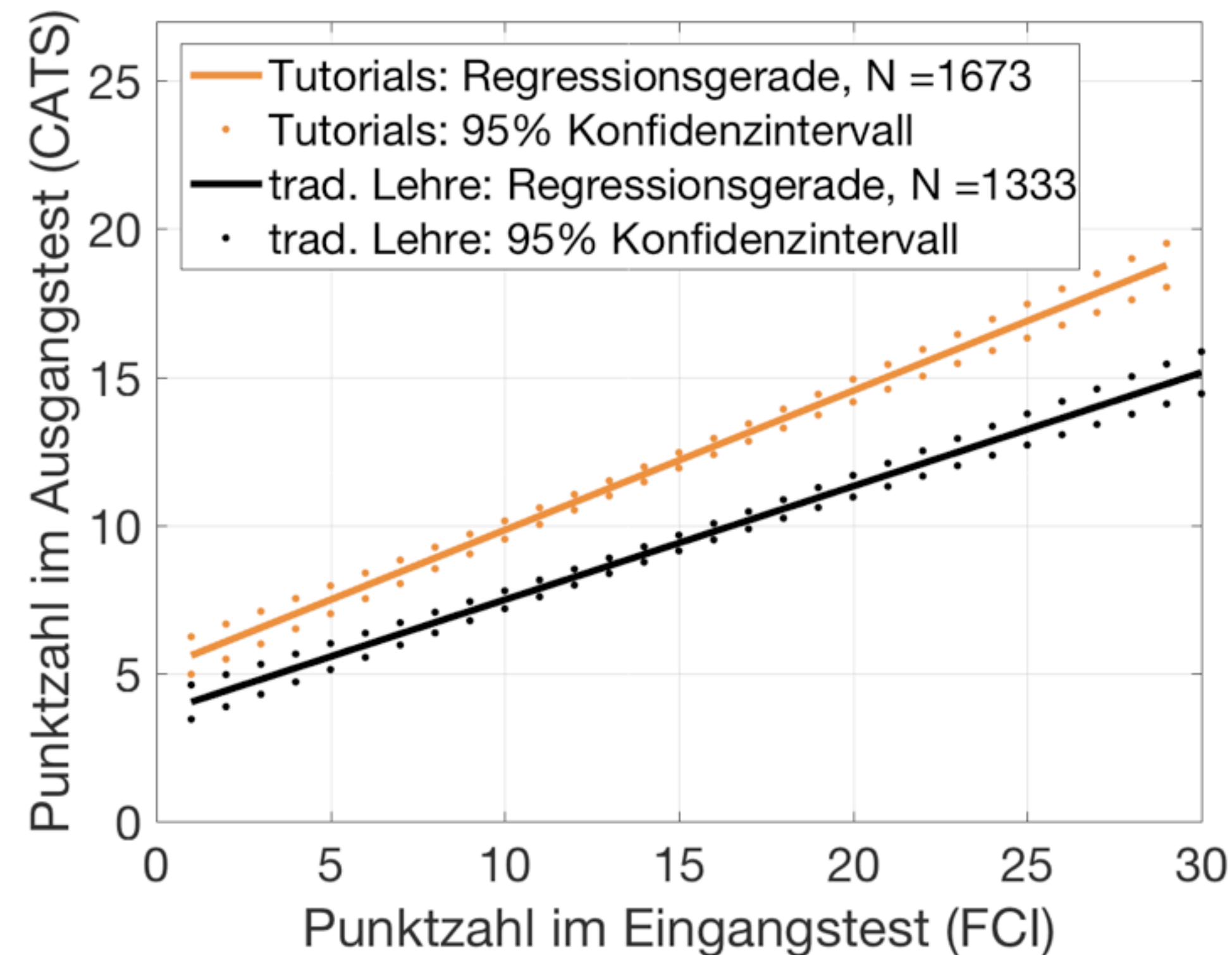


WIRKSAMKEIT VON TUTORIALS

Elemente

Entwicklungsprozess

► Wirksamkeitsanalyse



- 2,78 +/- 0,53 Punkte mehr im General Post-instruction Level
- Discriminative Effect bei Tutorials um 0,09 +/- 0,09 höher
- keine Überschneidung

J. Direnga, D. Timmermann, F. Kieckhäfer, and C. Kautz, 'Refining the WLR: Quantifying the difference in learning success between courses', in *Research in Engineering Education Symposium 2017 (REES2017)*, Bogotá, Columbia, 2017.

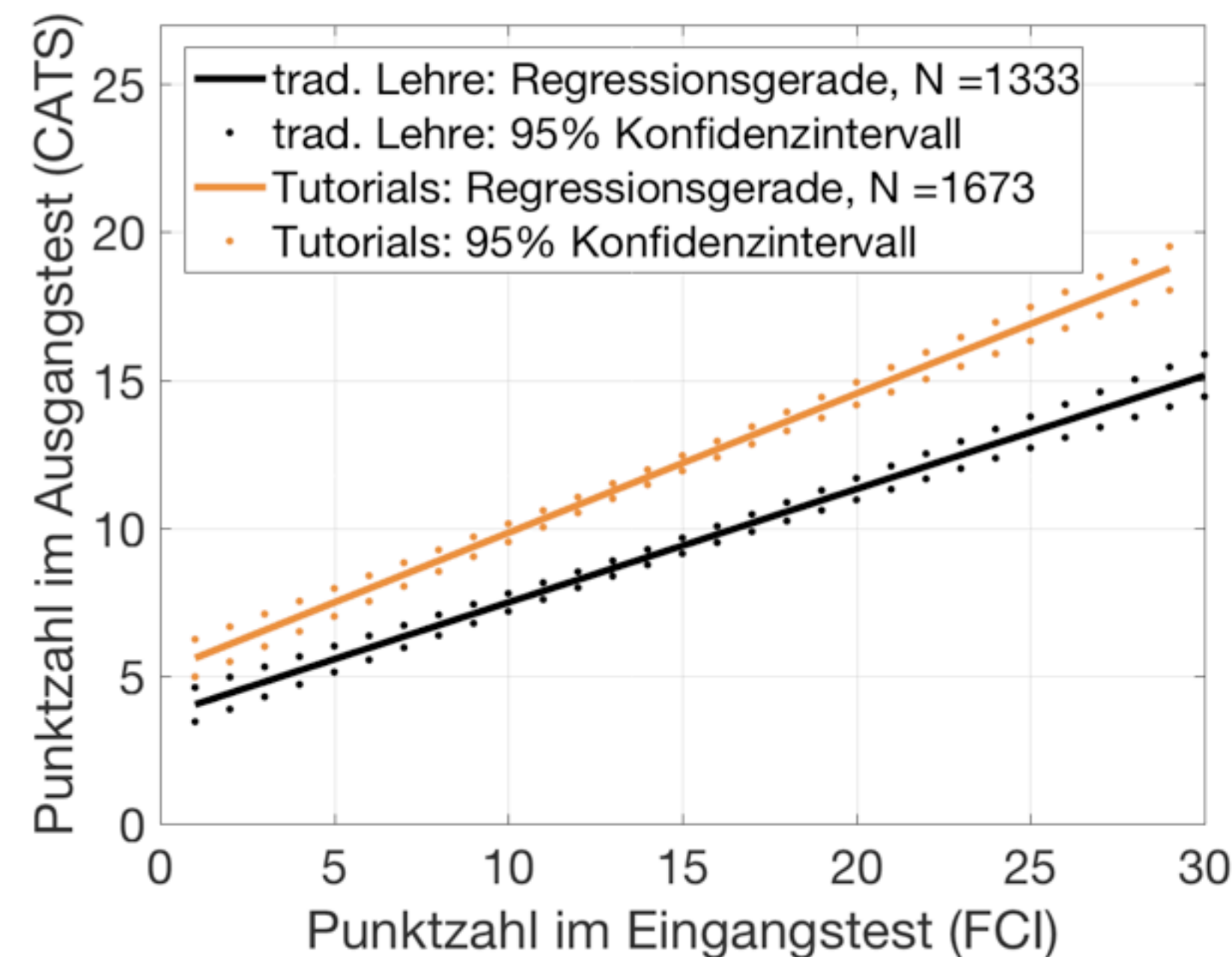


SCHLUSSFOLGERUNGEN

Elemente

Entwicklungsprozess

► Wirksamkeitsanalyse



- Im Vergleich zu traditioneller Lehre führen Tutorials bei Studierenden *aller* Eingangsniveaus (gemessen an der FCI-Punktzahl) im Mittel zu besserem Konzeptverständnis (gemessen an der CATS Punktzahl).
- Darüber hinaus profitieren Studierende mit höheren Eingangsniveaus im Mittel *noch mehr* von den Tutorials als Studierende mit niedrigen Eingangsniveaus.

J. Direnga, D. Timmermann, F. Kieckhäfer, and C. Kautz, 'Refining the WLR: Quantifying the difference in learning success between courses', in *Research in Engineering Education Symposium 2017 (REES2017)*, Bogotá, Columbia, 2017.



WEITERE STUDIEN

Elemente

Entwicklungsprozess

► Wirksamkeitsanalyse

Study of TA's ability to implement the *Tutorials in Introductory Physics* and student conceptual understanding

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Robert J. Endorf, University of Cincinnati
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Many students become major. imple calculus both stu To ma recitati metho Prelin imple and therefore perform poorly. This requirements for their

PHYSICAL REVIEW SPECIAL TOPICS - PHYSICS EDUCATION RESEARCH 3, 010104 (2007)

Effectiveness of different tutorial recitation teaching methods and its implications for TA training

Kathleen M. Koenig,¹ Robert J. Endorf,² and Gregory A. Braun³
¹Department of Physics, Wright State University, Dayton, Ohio 45435, USA
²Department of Physics, University of Cincinnati, Cincinnati, Ohio 45221, USA
³Department of Physics, Xavier University, Cincinnati, Ohio 45207, USA
(Received 18 August 2006; published 15 May 2007)

We present results from a comparative study of student understanding for students who attended recitation classes that used different teaching methods. Student volunteers from our introductory calculus-based physics course attended a special recitation class that was taught using one of four different teaching methods. A total of 272 students were divided into approximately equal groups for each method. Students in each class were taught the same topic, "Changes in Energy and Momentum," from *Tutorials in Introductory Physics*. The different teaching methods varied in the amount of student and teacher engagement. Student understanding was evaluated through pre- and post-tests. Our results demonstrate the importance of the instructor's role in teaching recitation classes. The most effective teaching method was for students working in cooperative learning groups with the instructors questioning the groups using Socratic dialogue. In addition, we investigated student preferences for modes of instruction through an open-ended survey. Our results provide guidance and evidence for the teaching methods that should be emphasized in training course instructors.

DOI: [10.1103/PhysRevSTPER.3.010104](https://doi.org/10.1103/PhysRevSTPER.3.010104)

PACS number(s): 01.40.-d, 01.40.gb, 01.40.J-



WEITERE STUDIEN

Elemente

Entwicklungsprozess

► Wirksamkeitsanalyse

PHYSICAL REVIEW SPECIAL TOPICS - PHYSICS EDUCATION RESEARCH **1**, 010101 (2005)

Replicating and understanding successful innovations: Implementing tutorials in introductory physics

N. D. Finkelstein and S. J. Pollock

Department of Physics, University of Colorado, Boulder, Colorado 80309, USA

(Received 17 May 2005; published 8 September 2005; corrected 20 September 2005)

PHYSICS EDUCATION RESEARCH SECTION

All submissions to PERS should be sent (preferably electronically) to the Editorial Office of AJP, and then they will be forwarded to the PERS editor for consideration.

Student understanding of induced current: Using tutorials in introductory physics to teach electricity and magnetism

Heidi V. Mauk^{a)} and Dan Hingley
Department of Physics, United States Air Force

(Received 22 June 2005; accepted 16 September 2005)

Previous research indicates significant improvement in student understanding of topics after instruction with *Tutorials in Introductory Physics* in Seattle, Washington. However, assessment of student understanding is crucial. We conducted such a field test at the University of Colorado Boulder, where students using the tutorials were compared to students in a control group. Pretests only, and students in the honors program performed better on questions involving induced current and force. Our results show that the tutorial setting outperformed the control group and that the use of the tutorials is warranted. © 2005 American Association of Physics Teachers
[DOI: 10.1119/1.2117167]

OPEN ACCESS

Phys. Educ. **51** (2016) 065014 (15pp)

PAPERS

iopscience.org/ped

Using *Tutorials in Introductory Physics* on circuits in a German university course: observations and experiences

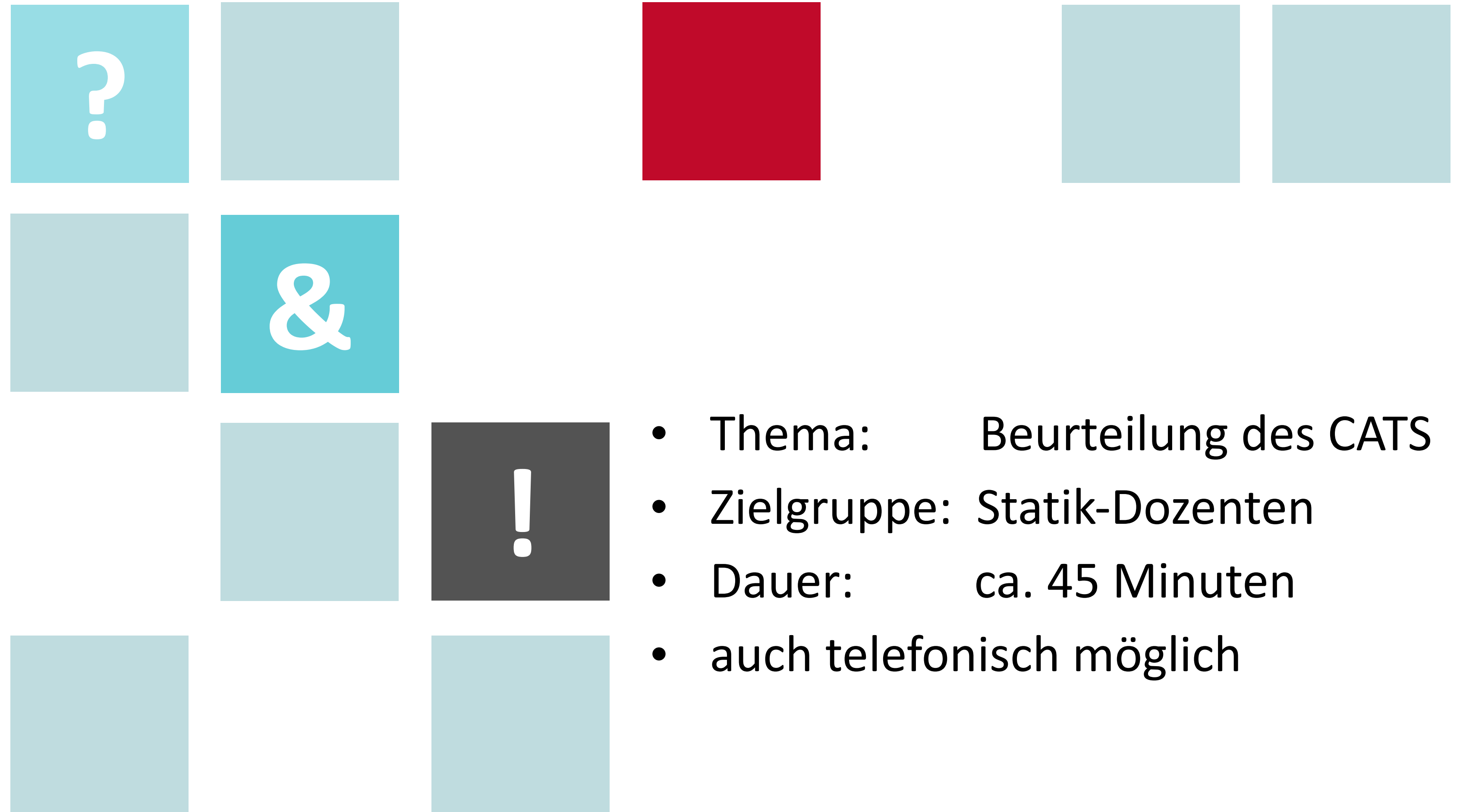
Peter Riegler¹, Andreas Simon¹, Marcus Prochaska¹,
Christian Kautz², Rebekka Bierwirth³, Susan Hagendorf³
and Gerd Kortemeyer⁴

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0.Fk



Interviewpartner gesucht!





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